

NB 2163

EU TYPE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATE

Certificate No: 2163-PPE-1673

Respiratory protective devices, filtering half masks to protect against particles manufactured by

FIT Farm Innovation Team GmbH

Webereistr.1a 48565 Steinfurt GERMANY are tested and evaluated according to

EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 Respiratory Protective Devices -Filtering Half Masks to Protect Against Particles -Requirements, Testing, Marking

Based on the type examination conducted with the evaluation of test reports, technical file according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 5, it is approved that the product meets the requirements of the regulation.

Product Definition

Single use particle filtering half mask for protection against solid and liquid aerosols, foldable, 4 layered, without valve, with a nose clip and ear loops.

Brand Name: FIT Model: FIT F251 Classification: FFP2 NR

Here by the manufacturer is allowed to use notified body number (2163) and can fix CE mark, as shown below, on the Category III product models given above, with;

- Issuing an appropriate EU Declaration of Conformity according to Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 Annex 9.
- Ongoing successful performance in fulfilment of the requirements set out in Personal Protective Equipment Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and harmonised standards, ensured by assessments based on Annex 7 (Module C2) or Annex 8 (Module D) of the regulation no later than 1 year from the beginning of serial production

This certificate is initially issued on 06/12/2020 and will be valid for 5 years, if there is no change in the relevant harmonised standard affecting the essential health and safety requirements.

CE

Suat KAÇMAZ
UNIVERSAL CERTIFICATION
Director



TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

REPORT DATE / NO: 13.11.2020 / 2163-KKD-1673

Manufacturer: FIT Farm Innovation Team GmbH Address: Webereistr.1a 48565 Steinfurt GERMANY

Introduction

This report is for the, given above, manufacturer prepared according to the test results obtained from Universal Certification And Surveillance Services Trade Co., dated 12.11.2020 with report number 11-2020-T0501 based on EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 standard and the technical file dated 28.08.2020 provided by the manufacturer.

The technical file of the manufacturer, and risk evaluation against the essential health safety requirements and the test report evaluated for their relation with Essential Requirements of Personel Protective Equipment Regulation and found to be appropriate.

This report is an annex and an integral part of the EU Type Examination Certificate issued to the manufacturer. The test results and issued certificate belongs only to the tested model. The technical report consists of a total of 6 pages.

Product Description: Single use particle filtering half mask for protection against solid and liquid aerosols, foldable, 4 layered, without valve, with a nose clip and ear loops.

Component and Materials:

Component	Material	Grade	
1st Layer	PP Non-woven, Spunbond SS, white, water repellend flame retardant	50g/m ²	
2nd Layer	PP Non-Woven, electrostatic layer	50g/m ²	
3th Layer	PP Meltblown filter fleece	30g/m ²	
4th Layer	PP Non-woven SSS, skin friendly	30g/m ²	

Classification: FFP2 NR

Brand Name: FIT Model: FIT F251



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ESSENTIAL HEALTH and SAFETY REQUIREMENTS GIVEN IN EUROPEAN UNION REGULATION EU 2016/425 CORRESPONDING RISKS FOR THE PRODUCT

1.1. Design principles

1.1.1. Ergonomics

PPE must be so designed and manufactured that in the foreseeable conditions of use for which it is intended the user can perform the risk related activity normally whilst enjoying appropriate protection of the highest prossible level.

1.1.2. Levels and classes of protection

1.1.2.1. Highest level of protection possible

The optimum level of protection to be taken into account in the design is that beyond which the constraints by the wearing of the PPE would prevent its effective use during the period of exposure to the risk or normal performance of the activity.

1.1.2.2. Classes of protection appropriate to different levels of risk

Where differing foreseeable conditions of use are such that several levels of the same risk can be distinguished, appropriate classes of protection must be taken into account in the design of the PPE.

1.2. Innocuousness of PPE

1.2.1. Absence of risks and other inherent nuisance factors

PPE must be so designed and manufactured as to preclude risks and other nuisance factors under fore seeable conditions of use.

1.2.1.1. Suitable constituent materials

The materials of which the PPE is made, including any of their possible decomposition products, must not adversely affect the health or safety of users.

1.2.1.2. Satisfactory surface condition of all PPE parts in contact with the user

Any part of the PPE that is in contact or is liable to come into contact with the user when the PPE is worn must be free of rough surfaces, sharp edges, sharp points and the like which could cause excessive irritation or injuries

1.2.1.3. Maximum permessible user impediment

Any inpediment caused by PPE to movements to be made, postures to be adopted and sensory perception must be minimized; nor must PPE cause movements which endanger the user or other persons.

1.3 Comfort and effectiveness

1.3.1. Adaptation of PPE to user morphology

PPE must be designed and manufactured in such a way as to facilitate its correct positioning on the user and to remain in place for the foreseeable period of use, bearing in mind ambient factors, the actions to be carried out and the postures to be adopted. For this purpose, it must be possible to adapt the PPE to fit the morphology of the user by all appropriate means, such as adequate adjustment and attachment systems or the provision of an adequate range of sizes.

1.3.2. Lightness and design strength

PPE must be as light as possible without prejudicing design strength and efficiency.

Apart from the specific additional requirements which they must satisfy in order to provide adequate protection against the risks in question (see 3), PPE must be capable of withstanding the effects of ambient phenomena inherent under the foreseeable conditions of use

1.4. Information supplied by the manufacturer

The notes that must be drawn up by the former and supplied when PPE is placed on the market must contain all relevant information on:

- a) In addition to the name and addressof the manufacturer and/or his authorized representative established in the Community
- Storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, servicing and disinfection, cleaning, maintenance or disinfectant protection recommended by manufacturers must have no adverse effect on PPE or users when applied in accordance with the relevant instructions;
- Performance as recorded during technical tests to check the levels or classes of protection provided by the PPE in guestion;
- d) Suitable PPE accessories and the characteristics of appropriate spare parts;
- e) The classes of protection appropriate to different levels of risk and the corresponding limits of use;
- f) The obsolescence deadlineor period of obsolescence of PPEor certain of its components;
- g) The type of packaging suitable for transport;
- h) The significance of any markings(see 2.12)
- Where appropriate the references of the Directives applied inaccordance with Article5(6) (b);
- j) The name, address and identification number of the notified body involved in the design stage of the PPE

These notes, which must be precise and comprehensible, must be provided at least in the official language(s) of the member state of destination





2. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS COMMON TO SEVERAL CLASSES OR TYPES OF PPE

2.1. PPE incorporating adjustment systems

If PPE incorporates adjustment systems, the latter must be designed and manufactured so that, after adjustment, they do not become undone unintentionally in the foreseeable conditions of use.

2.3. PPE for the face, eyes and respiratory system

Any restriction of the user's face, eyes, field of vision or respiratory system by the PPE shall be minimised.

The screens for those types of PPE must have a degree of optical neutrality that is compatible with the degree of precision and the duration of the activities of the user.

If necessary, such PPE must be treated or provided with means to prevent misting-up.

Models of PPE intended for users requiring sight correction must be compatible with the wearing of spectacles or contact lenses.

2.4. PPE subject to ageing

If it is known that the design performance of new PPE may be significantly affected by ageing, the month and year of manufacture and/or, if possible, the month and year of obsolescence must be indelibly and unambiguously marked on each item of PPE placed on the market and on its packaging.

If the manufacturer is unable to give an undertaking with regard to the useful life of the PPE, his instructions must provide all the information necessary to enable the purchaser or user to establish a reasonable obsolescence month and year, taking into account the quality level of the model and the effective conditions of storage, use, cleaning, servicing and maintenance.

Where appreciable and rapid deterioration in PPE performance is likely to be caused by ageing resulting from the periodic use of a cleaning process recommended by the manufacturer, the latter must, if possible, affix a marking to each item of PPE placed on the market indicating the maximum number of cleaning operations that may be carried out before the equipment needs to be inspected or discarded. Where such a marking is not affixed, the manufacturer must give that information in his instructions.

2.6. PPE for use in potentially explosive atmospheres

PPE intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres must be designed and manufactured in such a way that it cannot be the source of an electric, electrostatic or impact-induced arc or spark likely to cause an explosive mixture to ignite.

2.8. PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations

The instructions supplied by the manufacturer with PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations must include, in particular, data intended for competent, trained persons who are qualified to interpret them and ensure their application by the user.

The instructions must also describe the procedure to be adopted in order to verify that PPE is correctly adjusted and functional when worn by the user. Where PPE incorporates an alarm which is activated in the absence of the level of protection normally provided, the alarm must be designed and placed so that it can be perceived by the user in the foreseeable conditions of use.

2.9. PPE incorporating components which can be adjusted or removed by the user

Where PPE incorporates components which can be attached, adjusted or removed by the user for replacement purposes, such components must be designed and manufactured so that they can be easily attached, adjusted and removed without tools.

2.12. PPE bearing one or more identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety

The identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety affixed to these types or classes of must preferably take the form of harmonized pictograms or ideograms and must rem ain perfectly legible throughout the foreseeableuseful life of the PPE. In addition, these marks must be complete, precise and comprehensible so as to prevent any misinterpretation; in particular, where such marks incorporate words or sentences, the latter must appear in the official language(s) of the Member State where the equipment is to be used.

If PPE (or a PPE component) is too small to allow all or part of the necessary marking to be affixed, the relevant information must be mentioned on the packing and in the manufacturer's notes.

3. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO PARTICULAR RISKS

3.10.1. Respiratory protection

PPE intended for the protection of the respiratory system must make it possible to supply the user with breathable air when exposed to a polluted atmosphere and/or an atmosphere having an inadequate oxygen concentration.

The breathable air supplied to the user by PPE must be obtained by appropriate means, for example after filtration of the polluted air through PPE or by supply from an external unpolluted source.

The constituent materials and other components of those types of PPE must be chosen or designed and incorporated so as to ensure appropriate user respiration and respiratory hygiene for the period of wear concerned under the foreseeable conditions of use.

The leak-tightness of the facepiece and the pressure drop on inspiration and, in the case of the filtering devices, purification capacity must keep contaminant penetration from a polluted atmosphere low enough not to be prejudicial to the health or hygiene of the user.

The PPE must bear details of the specific characteristics of the equipment which, in conjunction with the instructions, enable a trained and qualified user to employ the PPE correctly.

In the case of filtering equipment, the manufacturer's instructions must also indicate the time limit for the storage of new filters kept in their original packaging.

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Technical Assessment of EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 Standard and other Standards it refers to, Clauses Corresponding to the (EU) 2016/425 Directive

	Cou	nforming to FN	(EU) 2016/425 Direction 149:2001 + A1:2009		iramante		
the makes to be a				Standard Req	mements		
Article 5	Classification: Particle Filtering Half Mask The mask subject to evaluation based on the test results and technical file provided by the manufacturer is classified as; Filtering Efficiency and Maximum Total Inward Leakage: Classified as FFP2 Mask is classified for single shift use, NR						
Article 7.4	Packing: Particle filtering half masks are packaged to protect them from contamination before use and with cardboard boxes to prevent mechanical damage. The packaging design and the product is considered to withstand the foreseeable conditions of use based on the vision inspection results given in the test report. Material: Materials used in particle filtering half masks, according to the simulated wearing treatment and temperature conditioning results; In						
Article 7.5	understood it withstan failure of the facepied nuisance for the wear health and safety of us based on Reach regula Based on the test resu	ds handling and wea ee or straps, any ma er. The manufacture sers. The material us tion, and considered alts, the masks did 1	or over the period for which aterial from the filter med r declares that the materia ed in the outer layer of the l to be safe for using manul	the particle filtering in released by the list used in manufact mask is in blue confacturing of mask.	ng half mask is designed to air flow through the filter turing of the mask does no or. The safety of the mater	rature conditioning results; I be used, it suffered mechani has not constitute a hazard of have an adverse affect to ial is supported with tet repo- points. No nuisance situation	
Article 7,6		Cleaning and Disinfection: Particle filtering half mask is not designed to be as re-usable. No cleaning or disinfection procedure provided by t					
Article 1.7	masks, in walking tes security of fastenings issues.	es that the human s t or work simulatio and field of vision.	n tests. The wearers did i	not report any failurted during total in	re by means of head harn	ey were weared by the sam ess / straps/ earloops comfert, field of vision and fasten	
		essed Elements arness comfort	Positive 2	Negative	149:2001 + A1:20	09 and Result	
		of fastenings	2 2 2	0 0 0	Positive results are obta subject No imperfe	ts	
Article			isks, which are likely to c	mie into contact w	itil the user, do not have s	narp edges and do not com	
Article 7.8	burrs.		isks, which are fixely to co	ome into contact w	tur the user, do not have s	harp edges and do not cont	
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Article 1.9.1	burrs. Total Inward Leakag The Total Inward Leaconduction of the exertemperature conditionic each excersize are available. It was reported that: All 50 exercise measure. All 10 individual's arity Penetration of filter in Condition (A.R.) (A.R.) (A.R.) (A.R.) (S.W.) (S.W.) (S.W.) (S.W.) (M.S. T.C.) (M.S. T.C.) Conditioning: (M.S.)	ce: akage test is conductercises defined in the ng and as received, allable in the test reportered in the test re	ted by 10 individual in an estandard. The samples of the face dimensions of the face dimens	n aerosol chamber used in the test are esubjects are also revalues varies between roduct meets the lining Requirements	with a walking band, and subjected to the conditional eported. The measurement en 1,23% and 1,99%. 1,58% and 1,79%. Similar for FFP2 classification elements in accordance with 149;2001 + A1;2009 FFP1 ≤ 20 % FFP2 ≤ 6 % FFP3 ≤ 1 %	samples are taken during ing required in the standard details for each subject and on. Result Filtering half masks fulfill requirements of the standard EN EN 149:2001 + A1:20 given in 7.9.2 in range of the FFP1, FFP2 and FFP3	
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			1	Penetration of filte	r material; Paraf	in Oil Testing			
	Co	Condition		Paraffin Oil 95 L/min m				Result	
Article 7.9.2		(A.R.)		0,02					
		(A.R.)		0,03		FFP2 < 6.9%		Filtering half masks fulfill the requirements of the standard EN EN 149:2001 + A1:2009 given in 7.9.2 in range of the	
		(A.R.)		0,03					
		(S.W.)		0,03					
		(S.W.)		0,04					
		(S.W.)		0,04				FFP2 and FFP3	
		1.S. T.C.)	13	0,06		FFP3 ≤ 1 %	rrri,	classes.	
		(.S. T.C.)	14	0,07			Classes.		
	(IV	I.S. T.C.)	15	0,07	M.S.) Mechanica	10: 1			
				(T.	C.) Temperature (A.R.) As Receiv V.) Simulated we	Conditioning ed, original			
Article 7.10	Compatibility w adverse effect on	ith skin: In Pr health was no	ractical Performan t reported.	ce report, the likel	ihood of mask m	aterials in contact with the	skin causi	ng irritation or other	
	Flammability:					-			
	Condition	Samp	le Vis	sual inspection		ments in accordance with E 149:2001 + A1:2009	N	Result	
Article	(A.R.)	45		urn for 0.0s		Filtering half mask shall not burn or not		Passed Filtering half masks fulfill	
7.11	(A.R.)	46		urn for 0.1s					
	(T.C.)	21	В	urn for 0.0s	continue to burn for more than 5 s after				
	(T.C.)	22	В	Burn for 0.1s		removal from the flame		requirements of the standard	
	Conditioning: (A	Conditioning: (A.R.) As Received, original							
	C	T.C.) Tempera	ture Conditioning						
	Carbon dioxide	content of the	inhalation air:						
Article	Condition	No. of Sample		CO ₂ content of the inhalation air [%] by volume		An average D ₂ content of e inhalation air Requirements in accordance EN 149:2001 + A1:2		Result	
7.12	(A.R.)	26	0,56	1				Passed	
	(A.R.)	27	0,57	3	CO ₂ content of the inhala		ation air		
	(A.R.)	28	0,58	8	0,574 [%]	shall not exceed an average of 1,0% by volume		Filtering half mask fulfil requirements the standard	
	Conditioning: (A	.R.) As Recei	ved, original		S01-170-				
Article 7.13	Head harness: In results of these te	Practical Pers sts indicates th	formance and TIL at the ear loops / l	test reports no ad nead harness are co	verse effects hav apable of holding	e been reported for donning the mask firmly enough.	g and remo	ove of the mask also t	
<i>Article</i> 7.14	Field of vision: In	n Practical Per	formance report, r	no adverse effects	were reported for	the field of vision availabi	lity when	the mask is weared.	
Article 7.15	Exhalation Valve No exhalation val	7.7	mples.						
	Breathing Resist	ance: Inhalat	ion						
<i>Article</i> 7.16		oned complies	with the limits gi			d, 3 with temparature cond and FFP3 classes. This is			



Passed.



Article 7.17	Clogging: This test is not applied to Particle Filtering Half Mask which is not reusable. (For single shift use devices, the clogging test is optional test. For re-usable devices test is mandatory.)
Article 7.18	Demountable Parts: There are no demountable parts on the product.
Article 8	Testing: All tests conducted according to Clause 8 of this standard is available in the test report and are evaluated in this report for qualification and classification of the mask.
	Marking – Packaging: Necessary markings are available on the product package (box). The name and trademark of the manufacturer is clearly visible. The type of the mask and the classification including the status of re-usability, the reference to EN 149:2001+A1:2009 standard, the year of end of shelf life, using and storage instructions and pictograms and CE mark are available on the product package. The above evaluation is based on the technical document for packaging and marking, for box design. Verified on the Annex 8.2 of the technical file.
Article 9	The technical documentation for mask design (drawing) also evaluated for marking requirements, drawing FIT F251. The mask marking indicates that the mask will carry information about the brandname (FIT) of the manufacturer, type of mask, the reference to EN 149+A1:2005 standard and classification including the re-usability of the mask. The manufacturer also printed CE mark with our Notified Body number. The mask do not have sub-assemblies. The tested samples by the laboratory do not have carry necessary marking information as stated in the technical documentation, the manufacturer shall also follow marking instructions for serial production. Model FIT F251 drawing exists in the technical file of the manufacturer, Annex 9 of technical file.
Article 10	Information to be supplied by the manufacturer: In each of the smallest commercially available packaging of the product, implementation (installation instructions) pre-use controls, warning and usage limitations, storage and meanings of symbols / pictograms are defined. User instruction document in the technical file found to be appropriate, Annex 5. The manufacturer shall include this documented user information text in every smallest commertially available package.

PREPARED BY	APPROVED BY
Osman CAMCI PPE Expert	Suat KAÇMAZ Director
	Notified Eods